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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
08/384,456		02/02/1995	BENGT Y. PERSSON	4015-5054 9408	
24112	7590	10/24/2003		EXAMINER	
COATS &		NETT, PLLC	VUONG, QUOCHIEN B		
RALEIGH, NC 27602				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ĺ				2685 DATE MAILED: 10/24/2003	, <i>5</i> 3

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	08/384,456	PERSSON ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Quochien B Vuong	2685					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 J</u>	<u>uly 2003</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ Thi	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 2,53-102 and 109-125 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>2 and 53-101</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>102 and 109-125</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers  OND The energialization is chieffed to but the Exeminer							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applicati	ion No					
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					

Art Unit: 2685

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 102, 109, 111-115, 117-118, 120-125 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gilhousen (5,101,501).

As to claim 102, Gilhousen discloses a method of mobile-assisted handover in a wireless network comprising communicating with a mobile station from a first base station (see column 2 lines 58-64); receiving, at a network controller, one or more data messages sent from said mobile station to said first base station that indicate relative signal strengths of at least a second base station operating on a same frequency as said first base station (column 4 lines 27-53. See also column 2 lines 62-66 which discloses that the mobile station does not need to switch frequencies when handoff of the call; therefore, the first and second base station uses the same frequency as claimed); determining, by said network controller, to handover said mobile station from said first base station to said second base station based on said signal strengths (see column 4 lines 27-68, column 5 lines 1-11); and handing over said mobile station from

Art Unit: 2685

said first base station to said second base station based on said determination by said network controller (see column 4 line 54 to column 5 line 11).

As to claim 109, Gilhousen discloses handing over said mobile station comprises a same frequency soft handover from said first base station to said second base station (see column 3 lines 19-28).

As to claim 111, Gilhousen discloses temporarily transmitting data to said mobile station from said first base station using a first CDMA spreading code, and simultaneously transmitting the same data to said mobile station from said second base station using a second CDMA spreading code for diversity transmission to said mobile station (in this case, a same PN spreading code with different code phase offsets as disclosed at column 3 lines 50-61 read on first CDMA spreading code and second CDMA spreading code as claimed).

As to claim 112, Gilhousen discloses that the mobile station communicates with said first base station using a first CDMA spreading code before and during handover, and wherein said mobile station communicates with said second base station using a second CDMA spreading code during and after handover (in this case, a same PN spreading code with different code phase offsets as disclosed at column 3 lines 50-61 read on first CDMA spreading code and second CDMA spreading code as claimed. See also column 4 line 54 to column 5 line 11), and further comprising sending a control message from said first base station to said mobile station that identifies said second CDMA spreading code to support handover of said mobile station (see column 10 line 65 to column 11 line 7).

Art Unit: 2685

As to claim 113, see Gilhousen, column 5 line 62 to column 6 line 5.

As to claim 114, Gilhousen discloses during handover, temporarily decoding transmit signals sent from said mobile station using said first and second CDMA spreading codes at both said first and second base stations for quadruple diversity combining of said transmit signals from said mobile station (in this case, a same PN spreading code with different code phase offsets as disclosed at column 3 lines 50-65 read on first CDMA spreading code and second CDMA spreading code as claimed. See also column 5 lines 62-67).

As to claim 115, Gilhousen discloses that handing over said mobile station comprises establishing communications with said mobile station from said second base station while retaining control of said mobile station at said first base station, and transferring control of said mobile station to said second base station after said establishing communications with said mobile station from said second base station (see column 4 line 54 to column 5 line 11).

As to claim 117, Gilhousen discloses that transferring control includes forming power control commands for transmission to said mobile station at said first base station prior to transferring control of said mobile station, and forming power control commands for transmission to said mobile station at said second base station after transferring control of said mobile station, wherein said power control commands control a transmit power of said mobile station (see column 9 lines 19-30; column 11 lines 8-22).

As to claim 118, Gilhousen discloses that establishing communications with said mobile station from said second base station comprises: beginning transmissions from

Art Unit: 2685

said second base station to said mobile station (see column 4 line 16 to column 5 line 11); signaling said mobile station from said first base station to begin receiving said transmissions from said second base station (see column 4 line 16 to column 5 line 11); receiving signaling from said mobile station at said first base station indicating a received signal strength of transmissions from said second base station (see column 4 line 16 to column 5 line 11); and signaling said mobile station from said first base station to begin transmitting to said second base station and to begin responding to control signaling from said second base station after determining that said mobile station is receiving transmissions from said second base station at a sufficient signal strength (see column 4 line 16 to column 5 line 11).

As to claim 120, Gilhousen discloses that sending a control message to said mobile station via said first base station that identifies a CDMA spreading code used by said second base station to transmit to said mobile station (see column 10 line 65 to column 11 line 7).

As to claim 121, Gilhousen discloses receiving one or more data messages indicating a received signal strength of said transmissions to said mobile station from said second base station (see column 4 lines 45-50).

As to claim 122, Gilhousen discloses retaining an existing connection for said mobile station at said first base station while establishing a new connection for said mobile station at said second base station, and ending said existing connection at said first base station after determining that said new connection at said second base station is established (see column 4 line 54 to column 5 line 11).

Application/Control Number: 08/384,456 Page 6

Art Unit: 2685

As to claim 123, Gilhousen discloses continuing to transmit traffic and control signals to said mobile station from said first base station and continuing to receive traffic and control signals from said mobile station at said first base station (see column column 4 line 54 to column 5 line 11).

As to claim 124, Gilhousen discloses continuing to send power control commands to said mobile station from said first base station to continue controlling a transmit power of said mobile station from said first base station at least until said new connection is established at said second base station (see column 4 line 54 to column 5 line 11; see column 9 lines 19-30; column 11 lines 8-22).

As to claim 125, it is rejected for similar reasons as set forth in claim 118 above.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

Art Unit: 2685

consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

5. Claim 110 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gilhousen in view of Farwell (5,184,347).

As to claim 110, Gilhousen fails to disclose a different frequency hard handover as claimed. Farwell discloses a different frequency hard handover in a CDMA system (see column 41 line 64 to column 42 line 68). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the above teaching of Farwell to Gilhousen, so that the call would not be interrupted when the mobile station moves to a second base station which operates on at least one different frequency (as suggested by Farwell).

6. Claims 116, 119 are is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Blakeney in view of Hietala (5,150,075).

As to claim 116, Gilhousen does disclose handing over said mobile station further comprises ending communications with said mobile station from said first base station after said establishing communications with said mobile station from said second base station as claimed (see column 4 line 54 to column 5 line 11). However, Gilhousen fails to disclose ending communications with said mobile station from said first base station by ramping down a transmit signal for said mobile station to a low power level, wherein said ramping down is controlled to reduce disturbances to any other mobile stations communicating with said first base station as claimed. Hietala discloses ramping down a transmit signal to a low power level, wherein ramping down is

Art Unit: 2685

controlled to reduce disturbances to any other mobile stations (see column 1 lines 59-

65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time

of the invention to provide the above teaching of Hietala to Gilhousen, in order to reduce

disturbances to any other mobile stations (as suggested by Hietala at column 1 lines 59-

65).

As to claim 119, it is rejected for similar reasons as set forth in claim 116 above.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 102, 109-125 have been considered

but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

The examiner finds applicant's Affidavit persuasive. Accordingly, Blakeney

(5,267,261) is no longer a prior art with respect to the present application.

Regarding applicant's argument with respect to the rejection under 35 USC 112,

first paragraph, the examiner finds applicant's arguments persuasive. Accordingly, the

rejection to claims under 35 USC, first paragraph as set forth in the previous action is

now withdrawn.

Conclusion

8. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

Page 8

Art Unit: 2685

(703) 872-9314

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park II, 2021 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA 22202. Sixth Floor (Receptionist).

Page 9

Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be directed to Quochien B. Vuong whose telephone number is (703) 306-4530. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. EST.

If attemps to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Urban, can be reached on (703) 305-4385.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Customer Service whose telephone number is (703) 306-0377.

QUOCHIEN B. VUONG PRIMARY EXAMINER

awothen the throng

Quochien B. Vuong

Oct. 20, 2003.